

On a higher-dimensional integrable equation associated with the Wadati-Konno-Ichikawa hierarchy

Tadashi Kobayashi¹

Kouichi Toda²

May 28, 2007

1. LSI IP Development Div. ROHM CO., LTD., 21, Saiin Mizosaki-cho, Ukyo, Kyoto, 615-8585 (Japan)
2. Department of Mathematical Physics. Toyama Prefectural University, Kurokawa 5180, Imizu, Toyama, 939-0398 (Japan)

It is well-known that the Harry-Dym equation [1]: $u = u(x, t)$

$$u_t + \frac{1}{4}u^3u_{xxx} = 0,$$

is one of integrable systems associated with the Wadati-Konno-Ichikawa (WKI) hierarchy [2]. And a higher-dimensional Harry-Dym equation has been presented by using an extension of the Lax pair [3]. We shall discuss another higher-dimensional Harry-Dym equation: $u = u(x, z, t)$

$$u_t + \frac{1}{4}u^3u_{xxx} + \frac{m}{4} \left\{ uu_{xx}u_z - uu_xu_{xz} + u^2u_{xxz} + u^3u_{xxx} \int \frac{u_z}{u^2} dx \right\} = 0,$$

where m is an arbitrary constant, and its nonisospectral zero-curvature representation.

References

- [1] M. D. Kruskal, *Lect. Notes Phys.*, **38**(310-354), 1975.
- [2] M. Wadati, K. Konno and Y. Ichikawa, *J. Phys. Soc. Jpn.*, **46**(1965-1966), 1979; **47**(1698-1700), 1979.
- [3] B. G. Konopelchenko, *Solitons in Multidimensions: Inverse Spectral Transform Method*, (World Scientific Pub. Co. Inc.).